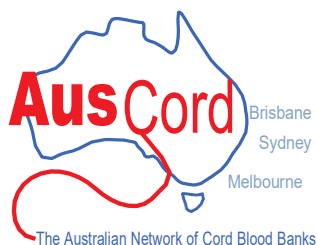




About AusCord and Public Cord Blood Banking



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About AusCord and public cord blood banking

What is AusCord?

AusCord is the national network of **public** cord blood banks in Australia. It comprises three cord blood banks – the **BMDI Cord Blood Bank** in Melbourne operated by a consortium comprising the Royal Children's Hospital, the Fight Cancer Foundation and the Murdoch Children's Research Institute; the **Queensland Cord Blood Bank At The Mater** in Brisbane, operated by Mater Misericordiae Limited; and the **Sydney Cord Blood Bank** in Sydney, operated by the Sydney Children's Hospitals Network.

What is cord blood and how is it collected?

'Cord blood' is the blood left behind in the umbilical cord and placenta after a baby is born. Cord blood is rich in blood stem cells that can generate all blood cell types. It can be used in transplantation and other medical treatments for many serious blood and related disorders such as leukaemia, immune disorders and bone marrow failure in children and adults.

Cord blood can be collected after the umbilical cord has been cut following either a vaginal or Caesarean birth. A needle is inserted into the umbilical cord vein attached to the placenta and the blood is drained into a collection bag. This does not cause harm to either mother or baby. The procedure for delivery is never altered for the collection of cord blood. The cord blood may be collected either before or after the placenta has been delivered.

What are my options for collection and storage of cord blood?

In Australia there are two options:

1. Donation to an **AusCord public cord blood bank**. If this option is chosen, donated cord blood is made available to all patients in need of treatment using cord blood in Australia or overseas. No fee is charged for collection, processing, testing or storage. After donation, you and your baby will have no further property rights in, or ownership of this cord blood. Only in special circumstances may your baby's cord blood be made available for use by your baby or another family member, provided that it has not previously been used. The maximum length of time that cord blood can be stored for is not yet known; to date cord blood stored by AusCord CBBs remains suitable for clinical use for at least 26 years¹.
 2. Storage in a **private cord blood bank** for potential use only by your baby or other family members. Private banks charge a fee for their services. Further information about private cord blood banking is available online or through your obstetrician.
- AusCord does not provide private storage.**

Alternatively, you are free to choose not to have your cord blood collected. The placenta may be passed onto other groups (if consent has been given) or discarded.

1. AusCord Cord Blood Banks Technical Master File for the manufacture of Haematopoietic Progenitor Cells (HPC), Cord Blood (AUSCORD-OQ-001, Version 008)

If you choose to donate to a public cord blood bank your baby's cord blood will be tested to see if is suitable for use in transplantation or other medical treatments. Additionally, you can also consent for the donation to be used for:

1. Validation, quality control or development of techniques for cord blood banking.
2. Research approved by a registered human research ethics committee. Research will not include whole genome sequencing or making cells immortal unless explicit consent for these activities has been obtained from you. Additionally, approved research projects may involve animals, in which case, animal ethics will be part of the research governance process.
3. Donated samples may also be supplied to third parties to be used to create medical and/or research products. Funds raised by these uses will be used to support the activities of the AusCord network and public cord blood banks.

Consent process

You will be asked to sign a consent form for collection, processing, testing, storage and use of your baby's cord blood and testing of your own blood sample. This consent may be obtained at a single point in time (during pregnancy or early in labour). Alternatively, you may initially be asked to consent only to collection of the cord blood, and subsequently be re-contacted to consent to processing, testing, long-term storage and use.

Conditions on collection and donation of cord blood

There are some reasons you may not be able to donate your baby's cord blood to a public cord blood bank:

- Medical factors relating to your health, that of the baby, or other family members
- Availability of collection staff at the time of delivery
- Technical factors affecting cord blood collection – for example, delayed cord clamping which reduces the volume of cord blood available for collection. The volume of cord blood collected is critical for successful transplantation.

You should NOT agree to donate if:

- You are HIV (AIDS) positive
- You carry the hepatitis B or C virus
- You have injected drugs not prescribed by a doctor or dentist within the last 5 years
- You have been paid for having sex in the last 12 months, or
- You have had sex in the last 12 months with a man who has had sex with another man within the last 5 years

Are there additional requirements if I agree to donate cord blood?

If the number of cells in the cord blood collection is sufficiently high to make it suitable for banking and storage, you will be asked to:

- Provide a personal and family health history
- Answer and sign a maternal declaration about your health history
- Give a blood sample around the time of the baby's birth. In some cases, such as if you have recently travelled to an area where malaria occurs, we will ask you to have another blood test six months after the birth of your baby
- Provide follow-up information about your and your baby's health approximately six months after delivery
- Give permission for cord blood bank staff to contact you in the future about the health of your child
- Give permission for cord blood bank staff to review your and your baby's medical records
- Allow the cord blood bank to store a sample of your and your baby's blood for relevant future testing

Why is it necessary to collect all this information?

We are required to collect this information by the regulatory bodies that oversee the safety of blood and cell products for use in patients. In Australia this is the 'Therapeutics Goods Administration' and there are similar agencies in each country to which cord blood may be sent. The information is collected for the protection of vulnerable patients needing transplants, to prevent the transmission of blood-borne infections and to ensure that inherited disorders of the blood and immune systems, which may not be evident at birth, are not passed on to the patient via the stem cells in the cord blood. We need to meet all safety requirements before releasing cord blood for transplantation. We acknowledge that the information collected may be very personal and detailed but without this information we will not be able to bank your baby's cord blood. If you wish to access your information in the future or have questions relating to the information we collect, you may contact the CBB to which you donated (see contact details at the end of the document).

What testing will be performed on my and my baby's blood?

Processing and testing of the donated blood involves:

- Blood count (numbers of various kinds of blood cells)
- ABO blood grouping of red blood cells (blood typing)
- Tissue typing (white blood cell grouping) to enable cord blood matching with potential patients
- Tests for some inherited blood disorders such as thalassaemia
- Tests for exposure to infections such as HIV (AIDS), hepatitis B and C, HTLV and syphilis
- Depending on your travel history, additional tests (e.g. malaria) may be undertaken.

If we identify clinically significant health concerns, you and/or your GP will be contacted for further follow-up.

Are there any risks involved for me or my baby?

The risks for the mother are those associated with having a blood sample collected. These risks are momentary discomfort, potential local bruising and, rarely, local infection.

There are no risks to your baby as cord blood collection does not commence until after the cord has been cut. **Your baby will not require a blood sample to be taken.**

Will I incur expenses?

You will not incur expenses, nor will you be paid for cord blood donation.

Are there any benefits to me, my baby or my partner?

There is no direct benefit to you, your partner or your baby. The benefit that cord blood donation provides is that it increases the number of cord blood units available to treat patients with life-threatening disorders worldwide. Your donation may also contribute to biomedical research that has been approved by a registered human research ethics committee, or for quality control purposes. It may also contribute to improving the quality and sustainability of the AusCord network.

Will my decision about cord blood banking affect my or my baby's care?

Participation is completely voluntary. Whether you donate cord blood or decline to participate will not in any way affect your or your baby's care.

Can I change my mind?

You are free to withdraw your agreement to donate up to 30 days after the birth of our baby.

Is my privacy and that of my baby protected?

By law, a positive test result for a number of infectious diseases such as HIV/AIDS, HTLV I and II, hepatitis B and C and syphilis must be reported to the relevant State or Territory health authority. Other than as required by law, all information identifying you and your baby will be kept confidential and will only be passed on to you, your doctor and other health professionals involved in your or your baby's health care.

If your baby's cord blood is used for medical purposes, de-identified information will be provided to donor registries and transplant centres. This means that it will have a unique cord blood identification code number. Your de-identified information may also be used by researchers in projects approved by human research ethics committees.

If we provide your details to a third party acting on behalf of AusCord, the third party will be subject to a confidentiality agreement and must only use your personal information for the purposes for which it was provided.

All information collected by AusCord is stored securely. All electronic records are stored in Australian Data Centres. Where information is stored by a third party, AusCord requires them to comply with the National Privacy Act.

How long will my information be stored?

The records that link your and your baby's information to the cord blood donation are kept indefinitely by the cord blood bank to allow for any required follow up and notification of abnormal results to you and/or your doctor.

How do I contact my local AusCord Cord Blood Bank?

BMDI Cord Blood Bank (Melbourne):

Ph.: 03 9345 5834

Fax: 03 9345 4194

Email: cord.rch@rch.org.au

Queensland Cord Blood Bank At The Mater (Brisbane):

Ph.: 07 3163 1614

Fax: 07 3163 2345

Email: qcbb@mater.org.au

Sydney Cord Blood Bank (Sydney):

Ph.: 02 9382 0371

Fax: 02 9382 0372

Email: enquiries@scbb.com.au

<https://stemcelldonors.org.au/patients-and-families/stem-cell-transplants/>

